

Year 5 Writing Knowledge Organiser

	KSS top 10
1	To understand Year 5 spelling rules (including silent letters.)
2	To spell most words from the Year 5 and 6 spelling list
3	To use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied/omitted
	relative pronoun
4	To use commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity.
5	To use brackets, dashes and commas for parenthesis.
6	To use adverbs and modal verbs to indicate possibility and certainty.
7	To plan their writing, understanding what the audience and purpose is.
8	In narratives, carefully select their grammar and vocabulary to describe settings, character and atmosphere.
9	In non-narratives, use organisational and presentational devices to structure their writing
10	To propose changes to their vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effect and clarify meaning



Powerful knowledge and skill (previous learning highlighted)

Narrative	Recounts(Newspaper article, biography/ autobiography, Diary entries	Poetry	Argument and Debate	Instructions	Explanations	Report
 Openings for effect (aquestion, a noise or speech for example). Build Up. Climax / Problem Resolution Ending - Character change, lesson learned, find evidence Conjunctions Adjectives Powerful Verbs ('doing' words) Adverbs ('how' someone is doing something) Speech - 5 max. Speech rules PAST tense - LINKTO VERBS Similies Some Complex Sentences Show not tell sentences and paragraphs 	 Introductory Paragraph (who, where, what, why, when? Chronolo gical Order Paragraphs to show chronological order Past Tense First Person / Third Person Time Conjunctions chronolo gical order Conjunctions Conjunctions dud order Conclusion – Closing statement Apply recount skills to write a drama recount based around 'a day in the life of' 	 Half or near rhyme Internal rhythm Alliteration & onono matopo eia Use of Structure, Patterns and repetition Select words linked to senses Make each word count Opening and Closure recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry 	Introduction - what are we discussing For and Against clearly separated - paragraphs Each argument stated clearly and BACKED UP with EVIDENCE Conjunctio ns - especially Addingand Opposing Fact - no personal opinions Present Tense Third person (some would sayothers wouldargue that) Formal Vocabulary	• 'How to' Title • Introduction • List of equipment / ingredients + bullet points with quantities/ measurem ents stated clearly • Chronologic al order - Numbering • Present Tense • Sentences which are 'bossy' Imperative Verbs • Time Conjunction s • Adverbs – used for CLARITY, not effect • Conclusion	Introduces topic - question (?) Introduction - overview / purpose of process / general statement to open Paragraphs - series of steps inorder Present Tense Time and Causal Conjunctions (move text along +how and why) Technic al / Scientifi c Vocabul ary Conclusion	 Introduction Subheadings Paragraphs Present Tense (not Historical Reports) Techn ical Voca bular y Facts, not opinion Conjunctio ns toadd informatio n Conclusion – summary of information